3-13 Calcium

Calcium, the predominant mineral in bones and teeth, helps to build and keep them strong. Calcium also helps muscles and nerves work properly. It even plays a role in blood clotting and regulating blood pressure. Calcium deficiency in childhood can show up as stunted bone growth.

In adult women, the condition known as osteoporosis (weak, thin bones) has been linked with inadequate calcium intakes. To get the recommended amount of calcium, eat 2 to 3 servings of calcium-rich foods, such as low-fat dairy foods. Good sources of calcium include all dairy products, fortified soy and rice milk, and calcium-fortified juice. Green leafy vegetables, dried beans, and canned fish with bones are also good calcium sources.

Recommended Daily Dietary Reference Intake for Calcium

This table presents Recommended Dietary Allowances (RDA) in **bold type** and Adequate Intakes (AI) in regular type followed by an asterisk (*) (in milligrams [mg]). RDA and AI may both be used as goals for individual intake.

Infants		Males		Pregnant	
Birth to 6 months 7–12 months	210* 270*	9–18 years 19–50 years	1300* 1000*	≤18 years 19–50 years	1300* 1000*
Children		51–70+ years	1200*	Lactating	
1–3 years	500*	Females		≤18 years	1300*
4–8 years	800*	9–18 years	1300*	19–50 years	1000*
		19–50 years	1000*		
		51-70+ years	1200*		

Calcium Content of Foods (mg)

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Whole milk, 1 cup	291	Cottage cheese, 1 oz	204
Skim milk, 1 cup	302	Cream cheese, 2 tablespoons	23
Goat's milk, 1 cup	326	Half and half, 1 tablespoon	40
Soy milk, 1 cup	10	Sardines, with bones, 1 oz	90
Soy milk, calcium fortified 1 cup	300	Salmon, canned, with bones, 3 oz	181
Yogurt, vanilla, 8 oz	350	Broccoli, cooked, ½ cup	122
Evaporated milk, 2 tablespoons	80	Turnip greens, cooked, ½ cup	99
•	138	Tofu, ½ cup	130
lce cream, vanilla, ½ cup			73
Frozen yogurt, ½ cup	106	Almonds, 1 oz	/3
Cheddar cheese, 1 oz	204	Dried beans, cooked, ½ cup	80
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